

## THE GOSPELS

A Biblical Scholarly Study



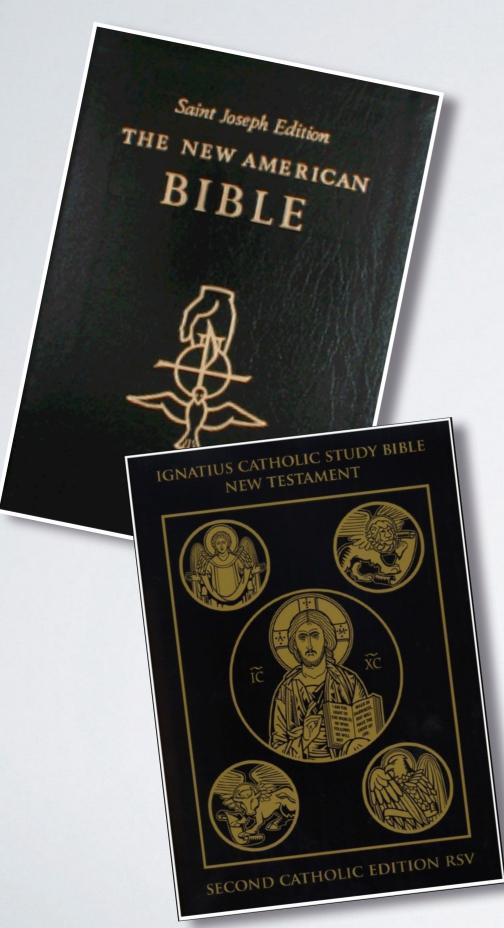
SHEMIT BAHBA BROHNA RUAHA OTCHAH HA ALLAH-HA AMIEN



## HOUSEKEEPING



- Schedule Every Tuesday
  - Time: 7:00 to 8:30
     PM sharp
  - Break 10-15 min around 7:50
- Hospitality
  - coffee and food



#### THE APPROACH

- New American Bible for general use in this study.
- The Ignatius Study Bible,
   RSV 2CE for its notes
  - We will generally follow chronology of the Gospel of Luke, but
  - Cross-ref and fill extensively from the other 3 Gospels

#### **BIBLES**

# GOOD

#### Recommended

- New American Bible (NAB) or the Revised Edition (NABRE).
- RSV Catholic Edition (RSV 2CE)
- Any bible you would actually read.

## BAD

#### Not Recommended

- Non-Catholic Bibles
- Paraphrase Bibles
- A bible you won't read

Gabriel: Luke 1; Daniel 8:16; Daniel 9:21; ALAKHA Lord." 18 Then Zechariah said to the angel, "How shall I know this? For I am an old man and any shall I know this? For I am an old man and any shall I know this? LUKE, 1 Mary Visits Elizabeth. 39 During those 2.7 days Mary set out and traveled to the hill old man, and my wife is advanced in years." 19 And the angel said to him in country in haste to a jown of Judah, 40 where she entered the house of reply, "I am Gabriel," who stand before Zechariah and greeted Elizabeth. 41 When Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting, the infant God. I was sent to speak to you and to announce to you this good news. i 20 But now leaped in her womb, and Elizabeth, filled with the holy Spirit 12 cried out in a loud voice and said, Most blessed are you you will be speechless and unable to talk\* until the day these things take place, because you did not believe my words, which will be fulfilled at their proper time." your womb. And how does this happen to me, that the mother of my Lord should come to me? For at the moment the <sup>21</sup> Meanwhile the people were waiting for Zechariah and were amazed that he stayed so long in the sanctuary. 22 But when he came out, he was unable to speak to them, the infant in my womb leaped for Blessed are you who believed that h Si A&B, 10; Mal 9, 1; 3, 23-24; Mt 11, 14; 17, 11-13 — Da and they realized that he had seen a vision in the sanctuary. He was gesturing to them but remained mute. 23 Then, when his days of ministry were completed, he went home. 24 After this time his wife Elizabeth conceived, and she went into seclusion for five months, saying, 25 So has the Lord done for me at a time when he has seen fit to take away my disgrade before others."

Announcement of the Birth of Jesus. 26 In the sixth month, the angel Gabriel was sent luding to Old Testament themes in vv 17 and 19, such as the con ing of the day of the Lord and the dawning of the messianic era Luke is presenting his interpretation of the significance of the from God to a town of Galilee called the virgin's name was Mary. (28 And coming to her, he said, (Hail, favored one! The luestion in v 18. When Mary asks a similar question in v 18. When Mary Nazareth, 27 to a virgin betrothed to a man named Joseph, of the house of David, and the virgin's name was Mary. 28 And comtroubled at what was said and pondered that was said and pondered that what sort of greeting this might be. 30 Then the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to her, and the said said to her, "Do not be afraid, both the angel said to he parent who is troubled by both the angel said to her, and the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29) and then told by the angel not to fear the vision (11-12.26-29). womb and bear a son, and you shall name ment (20.36). The particular focus of the annual sources of the annual him Jesus. 32 ° He will be great and will be called Son of the Most High,\* and the 1, 32 Son of the Most High Cikl, The where here Lord God will give him the throne of David his father, 33 and he will rule over the house of lacob forever, and of his king tions and is used by Luke to lead to the angel's declaration about the Spirit's role in the conception of this child (35). According to dom there will be no end." p 34 But Mary faid to the angel, "How can this be, since I holy Spirit, the power of God, and therefore Jesus has a unit have no relations with a man " \* 35 And the relationship to Yahweh: he is Son of God. sangel said to her in reply, "The body Spirit lost High will overshadow) you. Therefore the child to be born will be called holy, the Son of God, 4 36 And behold, Elizabeth, your relative, has also conceived\* a son in her old age, and this is the sixth month for her who was called barren; 37 for nothing will be impossible for God.
38 Mary said, "Behold, I am the handmai of the Lord. May it be done to me accord

# USE YOUR BIBLE

- Make Notes
- Highlight Passages
- Draw Arrows
- Scribble in Margins
- Circle words

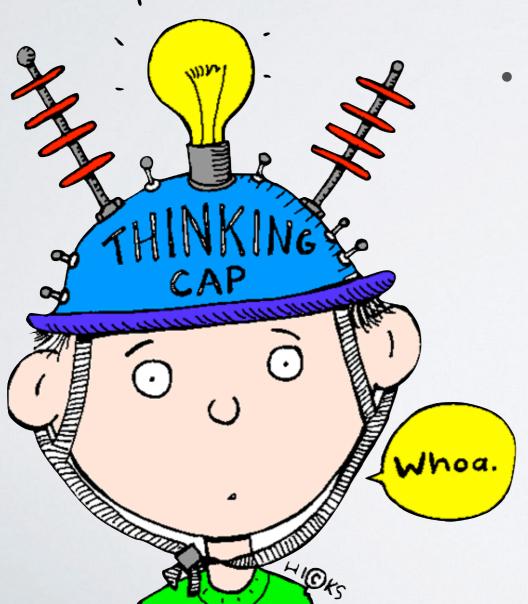
#### GOAL OF STUDY

- A Deeper love of Christ, through:
  - Greater knowledge of the Gospels;
  - Confirmation of teachings of the Catholic Church;
  - Better appreciation for our Liturgical and Sacramental life; and
  - an ecstatic habit of studying the Scriptures.

### LENGTH OF STUDY

The previous study of THE GOSPELS took 10 1/2 Years

- this, repeat session will go faster.



- Suggestion:
  - Don't worry about the pace
  - Come when you can
  - Enjoy learning when you do
  - Let it run its course

èn arche en logos kai logos en pros theos kai logos en theos John 1:1

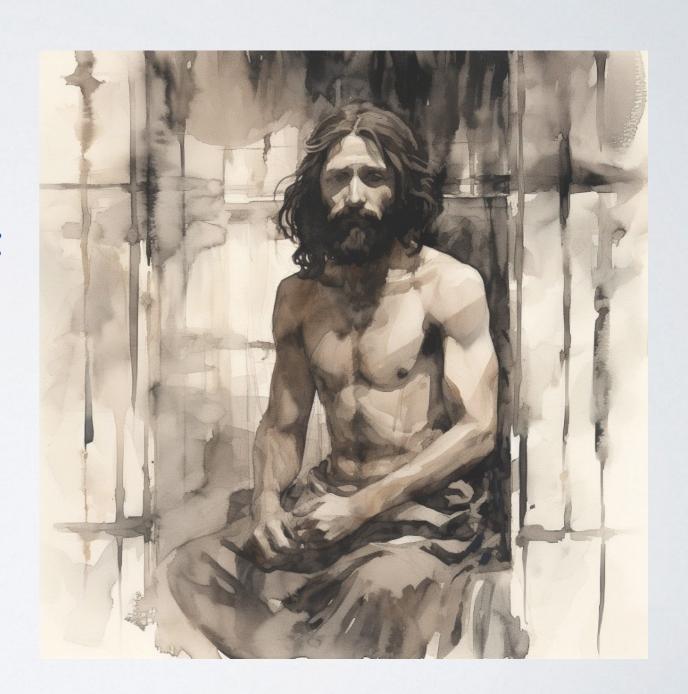
In the Beginning

## LOGOS - λόγος

Read John 1: 1-9

- In The Beginning echo to Creation account in Genesis
  - Logos The Word
    - meaningful in Hebrew and in Greek as the spoken Word that creates: ... and God said: "Let there be..."
      - God the Son was present but not the same person as the Father. (cf. Jn 17:5)\*
  - Light and darkness (Gen 1:1-5)\*
    - also a metaphor for the struggle of good and evil

- John the Baptist was
   not the light
  - The Baptist's purpose:
     Testify to the light
- John's Gospel points the Baptist followers to Christ, and directly controverts the gnosticism of Cerinthus.



# Read John 1: 10-17

- He was in the world, and the world came to be through Him the world did not know Him
  - He came to his own but His own people did not accept Him
  - but ... who accepted and believed ... the 'power to become children of God'

#### World

The universe created by God?

Gen 1:1

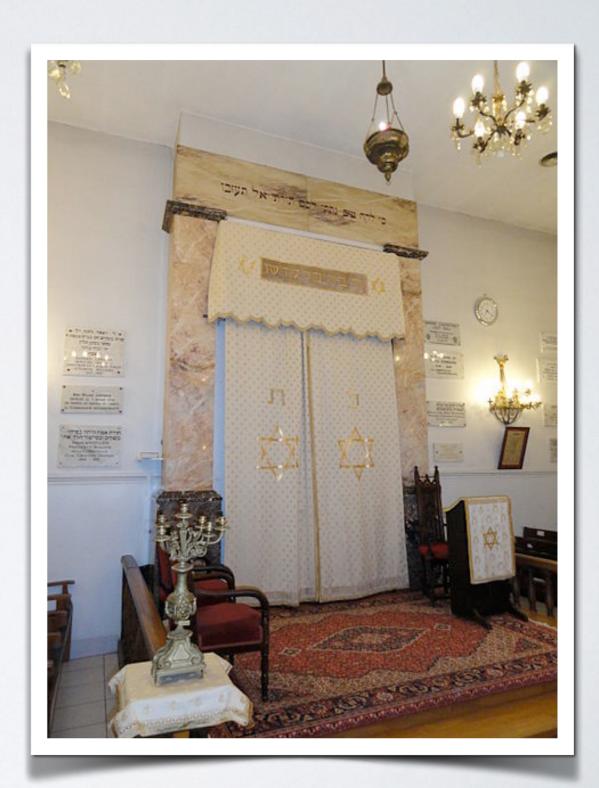
Fallen mankind in need of salvation?

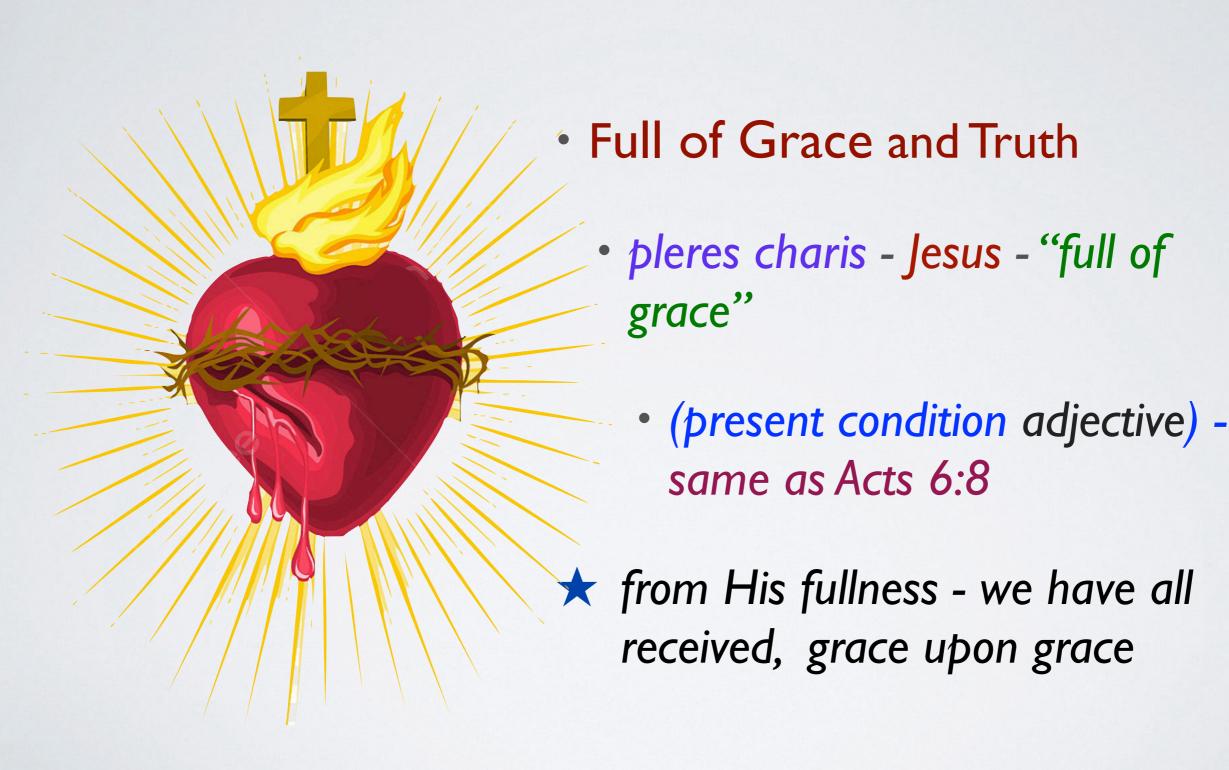
Jn 3:17

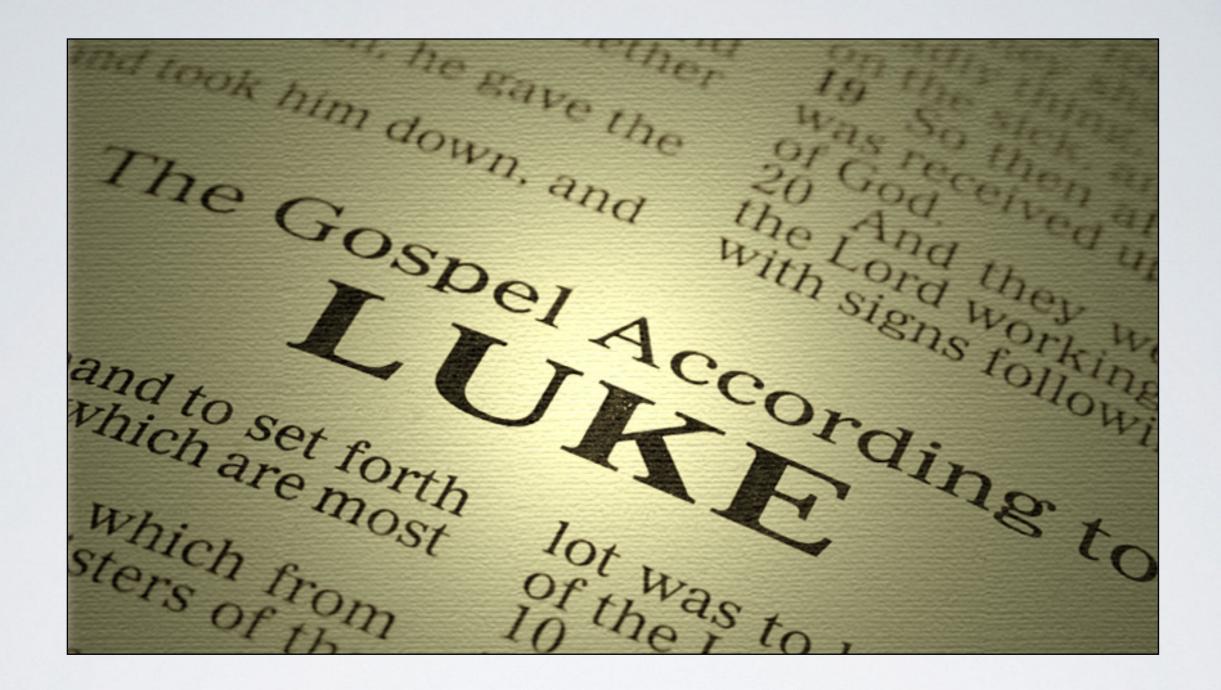
The sphere of the Devil, who opposes God and hates the truth?

Jn 15: 18-20

- And the Word (Logos) became flesh and skenoo (skā-no'-ō) among us, and we saw his glory.
  - skenoo tabernacled
    - Desert (Lev 9:23) And Moses and Aaron went into the tabernacle of the congregation, and came out, and blessed the people: and the glory of the LORD appeared unto all the people.
  - Today Jewish / Catholic



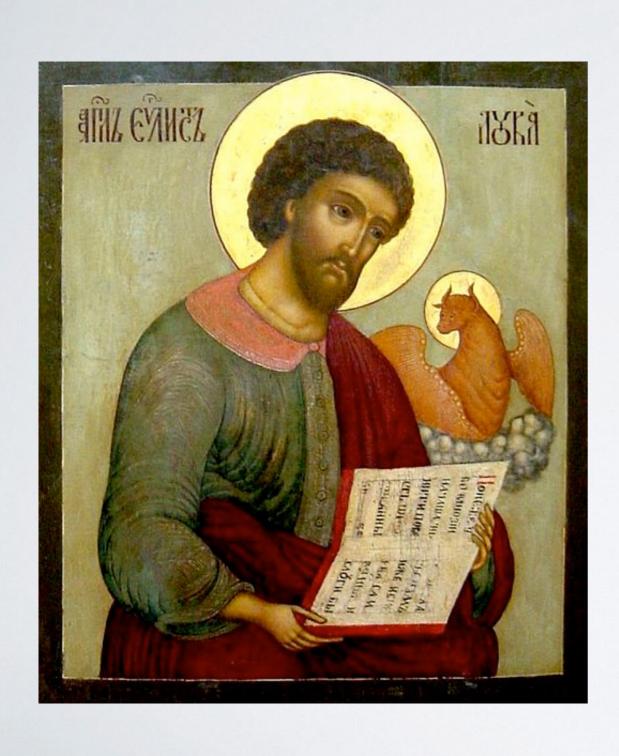




## ANOTHER BEGINNING

The beginning of the Gospel of St. Luke

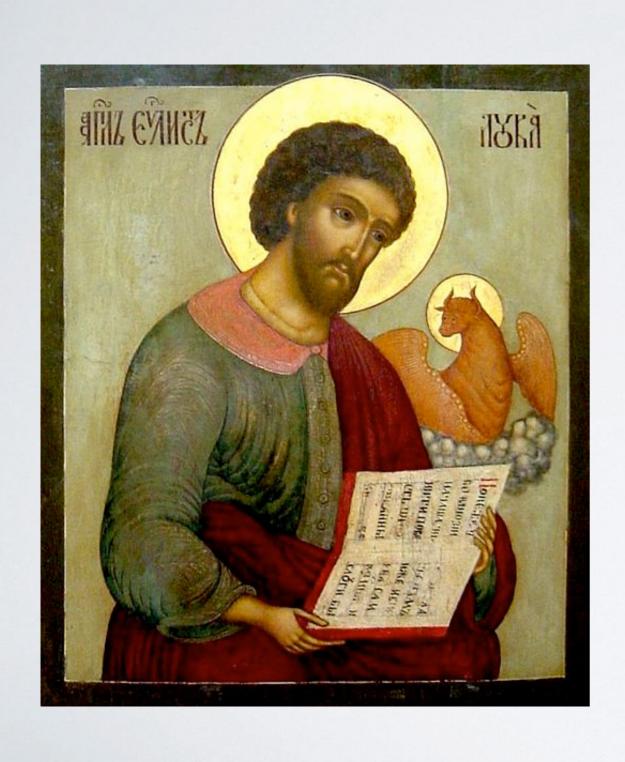
## DEDICATION & PURPOSE



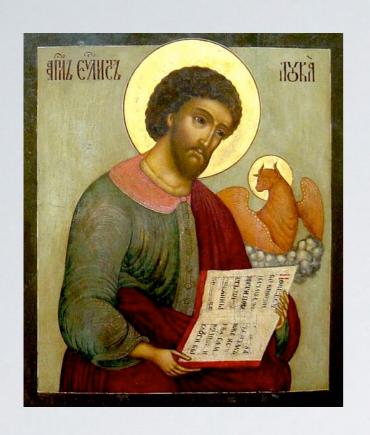
## Read Luke 1: 1-4

- Theophilus
  - means "friend of God"
  - Perhaps Theophilus Ben Ananus, High Priest (37-41 AD) or
  - Title for anyone who might be seeking Truth and thus read his Gospel

#### DEDICATION & PURPOSE

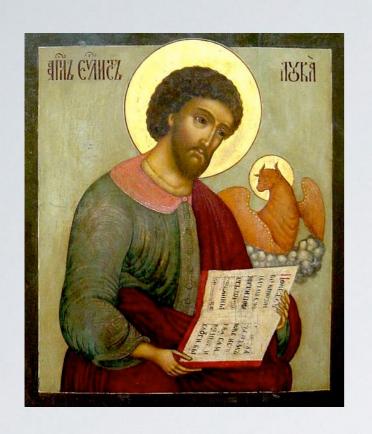


- many have undertaken
- it seemed good to me also, having followed all things closely ...
- To write an orderly account
- "that you may know the truth"
- validates Mark & Matthew?



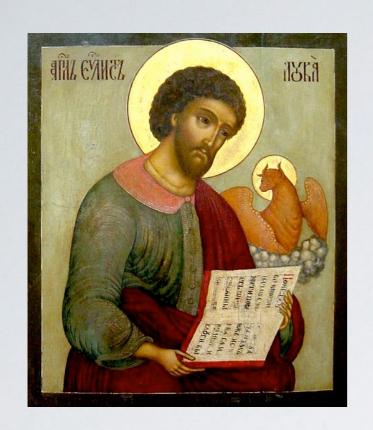
## INFANCY NARRATIVES

- Both, St Luke and Matthew devote first two chapters to the infancy period
  - Luke's account Marian point of view
    - √ Joyful mysteries of the Rosary Luke
  - · Matthew's account St Joseph's point of view.



## INFANCY NARRATIVES

- St Luke refers in parallel the beginning of the lives of St John the Baptist and of Jesus:
  - ◆ Two annunciations,
  - ◆ Two births,
  - → Two circumcisions,
  - and Two scenes in the temple



## INFANCY NARRATIVES

- St Luke also includes four prophecies in canticle form:
  - Mary's Magnificat (1:46–55),
  - Zechariah's Benedictus (1:67–79),
  - the Gloria of the angels (2:14) and
  - Simeon's Nunc dimittis (2:29–32).

# ANNUNCIATION OF JOHN -THE PRECURSOR-

Read Lk 1: 5-25

 In the days of Herod, King of Judea ...

The historical setting always important to St Luke

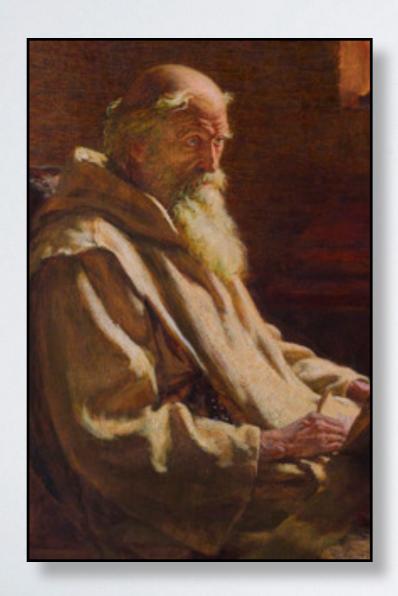


- Zechariah [zekhar yah] (The Lord Remembers)
  - part of the Levitical Priesthood (Ex 35: 25-29)
- Elizabeth [eli shevah] (God's covenant)
  - · a daughter of Aaron Also a Levite.



- verse 6 Both were righteous in the eyes of God, observing all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord blamelessly.
- verse 7 But they had no child, because Elizabeth was barren, and both were advanced in years.

 Regarding Elizabeth and Zechariah - the Venerable Bede +735AD suggests:



 Zechariah and Elizabeth represent the priesthood and Law of the Old Covenant. Both were righteous, as the priesthood was holy and the Law was good; but together they were unable to bear children for God or bring forth the grace of Christ. The couple thus signifies the aging Old Covenant awaiting the blessings of the New.

#### Who else was barren?

Sarah (Gen 11:30), Rebekah (Gen 25:21), Rachel (Gen 29:31), Samson's mother (Judg 13:2), and Hannah (1 Sam 1:2)

- Sarai means 'my princess' Sarah would mean 'princess.'
- · Abram exhalted father, Abraham father of multitude
- Hannah means 'favored' or 'graced' She prayed for a son she would dedicate to God.
  - · God gave her Samuel (shama el heard of God)

- Lkl:9 Incense Priest chosen by lot
  - I Chr 24: I-19 ordinary priests



Zealots at Masada

 24 divisions - each division served two times per year, for one week each time.

- odds: right division and correct priest? 7200 priests.
  - Once every 21.5 years
  - Was it pure chance?
    - cf Acts 1:21-26

- Burn Incense sanctuary of the Lord (Holy Place) a daily offering of about one half pound of incense at the 1st and 9th hours, the hour of Prayer. (6AM & 3PM). Ex 30: 1-10
  - cf Acts 3:1\* Peter and John
  - Incense Ps I 41:1-2\* prayers of people
  - Rev 5:8, 8:3-4\* parallels God altar/throne.



- · "Do not be afraid."
  - "... your prayer has been heard."
    - · a son, John
    - Hb: Yohanan
       root Yah + Hanna
       which means:
       favored by Yahweh



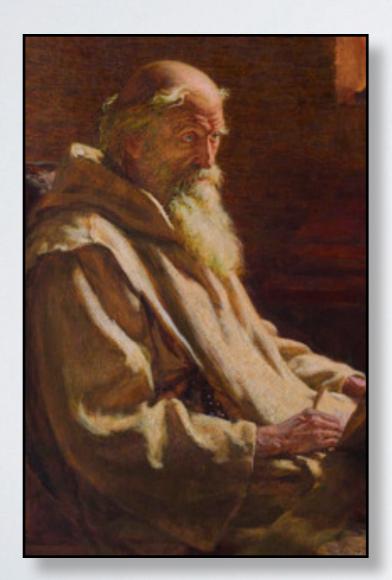
 "you will have joy and gladness"

 he will be great in the sight of the Lord

- No wine or strong drink (Nu 6:1-21 Nazarite others Samson, Samuel)
- "He will be filled with the holy Spirit <u>even</u> from his mother's womb."



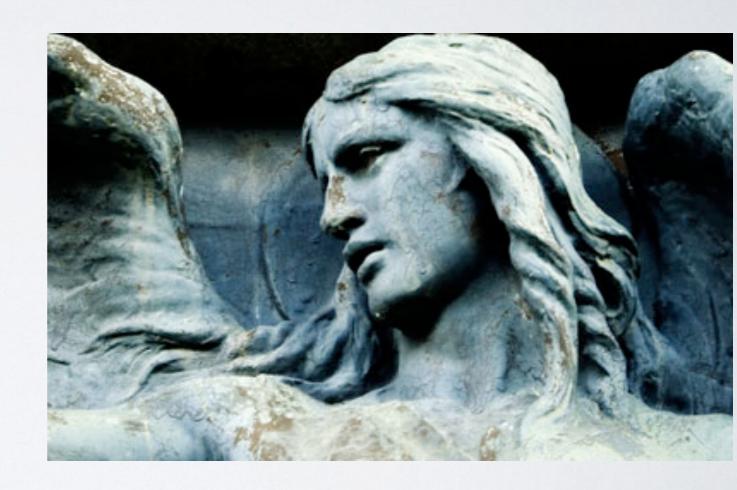
 Regarding John being filled with the Holy Spirit from the womb - the Venerable Bede +735AD suggests:



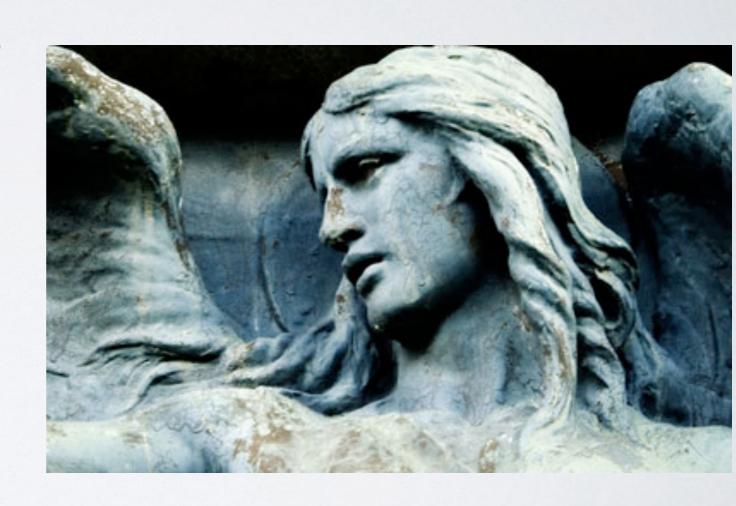
 Although he was conceived in sin original sin—like other men, St John the Baptist was born sinless because he was sanctified in his mother's womb by the presence of Jesus Christ then in the Virgin Mary's womb.

On receiving this grace from God, John rejoices by leaping with joy still in his mother's womb—thereby fulfilling the archangel's prophecy. cf. Lk 1:15\* Lk 1:43\*

- John will turn many children of Israel to the Lord
- "He will go before him, in the spirit and power of Elijah to turn the hearts ... righteous and prepare a people fit for the Lord."
  - cf. Mal 3: 19-24,\*
    - Sir 48: 4, 9-10\*



- Lkl:18 "How shall I know (ginōskō) this? I am old man and my wife is advanced in years." \*
- Mary: "How can this be, since I know (ginōskō) not a man?" Lk I:34 KJV
  - same (ginōskō) as in Mt 1:25. Play on words?
- \* Repetition by Luke "advanced in years" as in v.7 for emphasis



- "I am Gabriel" "I was sent to speak the good news."
- "but now you will be silent and unable to talk, until these things have taken place, because you did not believe my words."
  - After his service completed, he returned to his wife and Elizabeth conceived.
     She hid herself for 5 months





#### **GABRIEL**

One of Seven archangels in the Hebrew tradition. (Enoch 1)

- Three are named in Scripture:
  - Gabriel Dan 8:15-16,
     9;21-27, and Lk I
     Strong man of God
  - Raphael Tobit 12:15\*
     God heals
  - Michael Dan 12:1, Jud 9\*, Rev 12:7
     Who is like God



• Angels are pure spirits, that is, they have no body of any kind; therefore, "they do not appear to men exactly as they are; rather, they manifest themselves in forms which God gives them so that they can be seen by those to whom he sends them"

(St John Damascene, De fide orthodoxa, 2, 3)

 The also serve us as ministering spirits for the sake of our salvation. (Heb I:14)

# ANNUNCIATION OF JESUS - THE MESSIAH-

Read Lk 1: 26-38

- In the sixth month the angel
   Gabriel was sent from God ...
  - ... to the city of Nazareth
    - · ... to a virgin named Mary.







a town of Galilee named
 Nazareth

- Nazareth means Branch
   Town
- to a virgin named Mary betrothed to Joseph of the
  house of David.
  - Gen 3:15\* (her seed)
  - Isaiah 7:14\* (partenos)

- "Chairo Kecharitomene. The Lord is with you."
- · χαῖρε κεχαριτωμένη ὁ κύριος μετὰ σοῦ Hail, she who has been graced, the Kurios meta sou.
- Chairo can mean rejoice, but as a greeting is usually rendered Hail.
  - cf. Mt 26:49 Judas says to Jesus: 'Hail Rabbi!' (or Master) before kissing him.
  - cf. Mt 27:29 '... they mocked him saying: Hail King of the Jews.'



- "Chairo Kecharitomene. The Lord is with you."
- Kecharitomene one who <u>has been</u>
   graced. Only instance an angel uses a
   title not a name.
  - · distinguish: was, had been, has been, is.
    - "I have been sick"
    - note: John I:14 and Acts 6:8
       where Jesus and St Stephen are
       "pleres charis full of grace."





- "The Lord is with you."
  - ὁ κύριος μετὰ σοῦ ... the Lord is meta you.
  - meta μετὰ (with, next to, in the middle of, in between)
- Mt I:23 greek version of Isaiah 7:14:
   "Behold, a virgin shall be with child, and shall bring forth a son, and they shall call his name Emmanuel, which being interpreted is, God (μετά) us."



NOT a greeting, but an affirmation.

The Lord God is <u>already</u> with Mary, in a way that someday her Son would be with us.



# YHWH - ADONAI

SAME OR DIFFERENT

#### YHWH

Exodus 3: 4-22 TheCall of Moses



- Moses says: ... When I go to the Israelites and say to them "The God of your fathers has sent me to you," if they ask me "What is his name?" what am I to tell them?
  - God replied: YHWH [I am who am]. This is what you shall tell the Israelites: I AM sent me to you.
    - ... This is my name forever, ...

#### YHWH

- Hebrew words are made up of only consonants.
  - An ENGLISH equivalent might be illustrated with the three letters PPL - which could be rendered as PUPIL or PEOPLE or even APPLE.
  - Context and/or Vowel Markings helped the reader discern the <u>intention</u> of the author, yet even then various reasonable interpretations could flow





- ADONAI which means LORD was said instead of YHWH, whenever the word YHWH appeared in the Hebrew text.
- This pious practice developed because the NAME of GOD was deemed too <u>sacred</u> to be uttered. (Ex 20:7- Dt 5:11\* "You shall not take the name of the LORD, your GOD, in vain)
  - This is the case even today, when English speaking Jews write G-D instead of YHWH on a piece of paper. Also Dispose properly caution at bottom of page



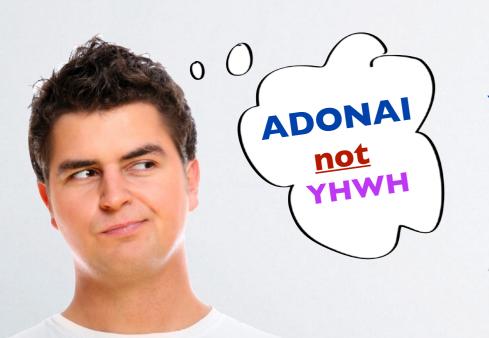


- To enlighten the Bible student of this practice, all modern English translations still capitalize all the letters of the word LORD, to signify the original text had YHWH with ADONAI vowel marks inserted.
- This way we know that the author was referring to GOD whenever LORD, rather than Lord, appears in the original text.
  - See for instance Ex 3:16\* or LEV 1:1\* and throughout





- How to remember?
  - Place vowels associated with ADONAI
     whenever YHWH appeared, and the reader
     would remember to NOT utter the sacred name
     of God.



a o ai

Y H W H - this is how it was done.

(Note: Not a proper way to pronounce, only a reminder to say <u>another</u> word!)





- In the Old Testament, all references to YHWH were simply rendered ADONAI, triggered by vowels as a memory aid.
- In late 1100s, Catholic writers, began to combine the letters of YHWH with the vowel sounds of Adonai yielding YA HO WAH, which later was further Latin-ized by a Spanish Dominican monk Martini in 1270 who first combined it with latin equivalent letters: J HV H and thus JE HO VAH.





LORD = GOD in the Old Testament.

LORD (ADONAI) is translated KYRIOS in Greek

Therefore, everywhere KYRIOS is used to refer to a Divine Person - it refers to GOD.

In greek, Kyrios like Adonai in Hebrew, can also refer to a Master or sovereign (including the Roman Emperor).

"The Lord is with you."

- Jesus (God Saves) and the Father will be called Lord (KYRIOS) interchangeably, in the Gospel of Luke:
  - Lk 1:32 and 38
  - Lk 1:43, and 45 and 46
  - Lk 2:11 and 2:26
  - Lk 10:27 and 10:40
  - · Lk 19:34 and 19:38



"Do not be afraid. You have found favor (charis) with God."

- Repetition by Luke, same as v. 13.
  - Charis favor. Root for grace. She found grace with God.
- Jesus YHSWH Joshua, means "God Saves."
  - Sir 46: I\* typology of Joshua



- Son of the Most High Son of God
- Throne of his father David
  - A Davidic King conveyed by God, his Father - He will rule over the house of Jacob - restoration of Israel 12 tribes.
    - Legal pedigree, in the flesh, available through Joseph, from the House of David. Tribe of Judah.



- His Kingdom will have no end.
  - 2 Sam 7:11-17\* Jesus fulfills promise made to King David.
    - cf Dan 7:27
    - Ps 89: 4-5\* lament over God's promise is over.



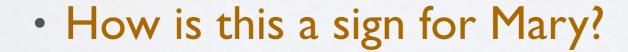
- "And the angel said to her, "The Holy Spirit will come upon you, and the power of the Most High will overshadow you; therefore the child to be born will be called holy, the Son of God."
  - overshadow ἐπισκιάζω episkiazō
  - Used in the Gospels only here, and Transfiguration in Mt 17, Mk 9 and Lk 9
    - ★ LXX also in Ex 40:35 used there to describe the shekinah glory of God, overshadowing the ark of his covenant. (inside the Dwelling (NAB) / Tabernacle (KJV))





• Elizabeth in her sixth month, with a son- though barren

- For nothing is impossible with God.
  - cf Gen 18:12-14\* angel to Abraham about Sarah.



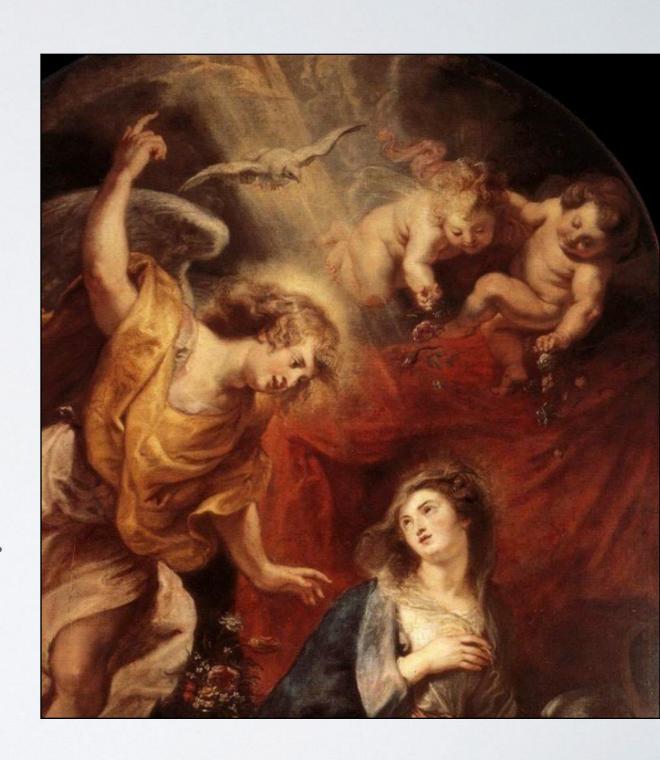


Having proposed God's plan, the angel Gabriel waits for her consent. Silence ...

The awaited 'fiat' comes:
 "I am the Handmaid of the Lord.
 May it be done to me according to your word."

Then the angel departed from her.

- doulé servant, handmaid, slave
  - St James in Js 1:1 doulos
  - St Paul in Phil I:I doulos



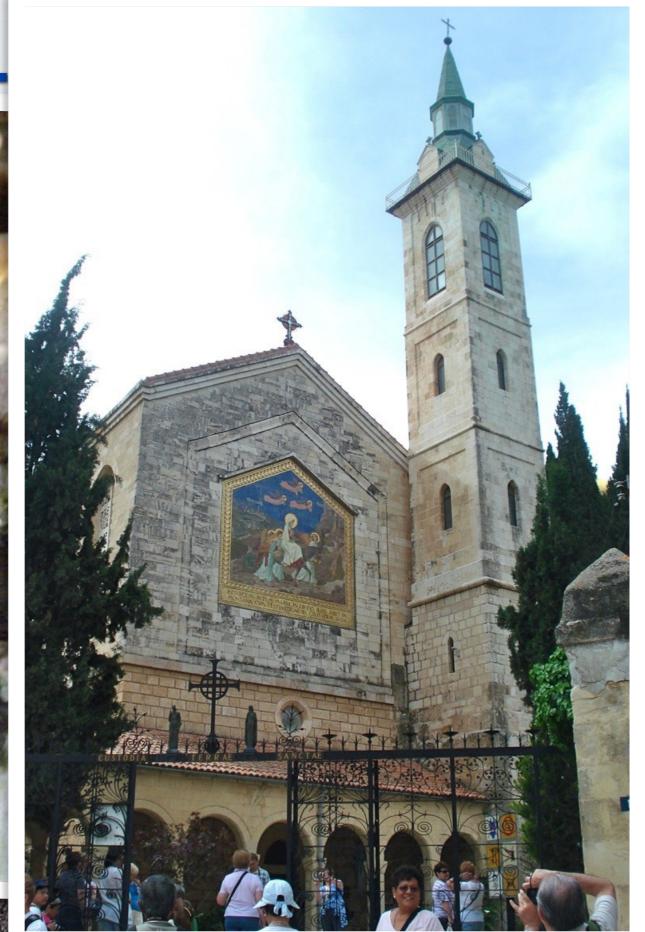
Read Lk 1: 39-56

 In those days Mary arose and went with haste into the hill country, to a city of Judah - and she entered the house of Zechariah and greeted Elizabeth. ...



Hill
country, to
a city of
Judah,
House of
Zechariah
and
Elizabeth







- \* When Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting the infant lept in her womb,
  - √ (Ignatius Note) Elizabeth's experience parallels that of Rebekah in Gen 25.

Both Luke and the Greek OT use the same verb (Gk. skirtao) to describe children leaping or stirring in the womb. As Rebekah's experience signaled the preeminence of Jacob over his older brother Esau (Gen 25:22-23), so the similar experience of Elizabeth was a sign that Jesus would be greater than his older cousin John. (cf Jn 3:30)

- (Navarre Note) St John Chrysostom comments:
  - "See how new and how wonderful this mystery is. He has not yet left the womb but he speaks by leaping; he is not yet allowed to cry out but he makes himself heard by his actions [...]; he has not yet seen the light but he points out the Sun; he has not yet been born and he is keen to act as Precursor. The Lord is present, so he cannot contain himself or wait for nature to run its course: he wants to break out of the prison of his mother's womb and he makes sure he witnesses to the fact that the Savior is about to come" (Sermon recorded by Metaphrastrus).
    - St John Chrysostom born in Antioch 347 AD died
       407 AD Doctor of the Church

- When Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting the infant lept in her womb, and Elizabeth filled with the Holy Spirit (recall Lk 1:15)
  - <u>cried out</u> in a loud voice (exclaimed with a loud cry)
  - "Blessed are you among women and blessed is the fruit of your womb!"

And how does this happen to me

20, 32, 30, TO, 30,08.

A brief definition of Nestorian Christology can be given as: "Jesus Christ, who is not identical with the Son but personally united with the Son, who lives in him, is one hypostasis and one nature: human." Nestorianism was condemned a second time as heretical at the Council of Chalcedon

e that the most

Divine motherhood.
 (Council of Ephesus 43 I AD)

Nestorius
Patriarch of Constantinople 428-43 I AD



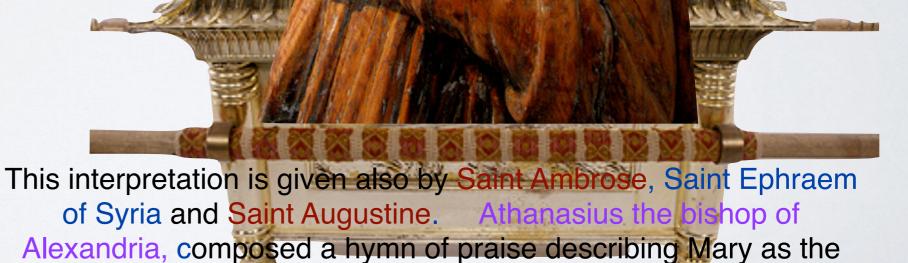
- From the moment the sound of your greeting, entered my ears the infant in my womb lept for joy.
  - "Blessed are you who believed that what was spoken to you by the Lord would be fulfilled."

# OF THE COVENANT

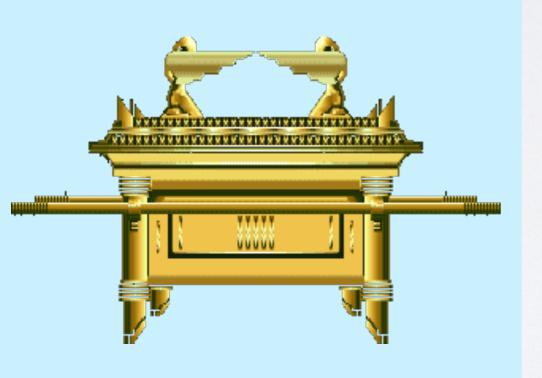




A Type of Mary

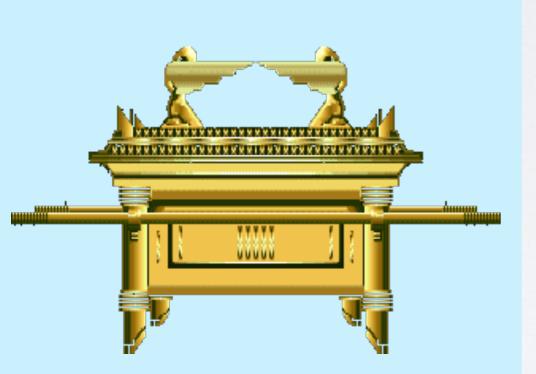


Ark of the New Covenant covered with purity rather than gold.



Read Ex 25: 10-22

- Constructed of Pristine Acadia wood
  - no knots.
- Plate the Inside and the Outside with Pure Gold.
- four gold rings for four acacia wood poles to carry it
  - NEVER to be removed.



- Cover (propitiatory) of pure gold
  - two cherubim of beaten gold.
    - They shall be facing each other but turned toward the propitiatory.
  - "There I will meet you and there,
     from above the propitiatory ... I
     will tell you all the commandments
     I wish you to give to the
     Israelites."



- God spoke to Moses from the mercy seat on the Ark - the propitiatory between the cherubim.
  - why did the cherubim look down rather than at each other?
  - The Israelites carried the Ark in the desert for 40 years, keeping it in the Tabernacle, in the Most Holy Place (Holy of Holies)

The contents
of the Ark
are all types of
Jesus!

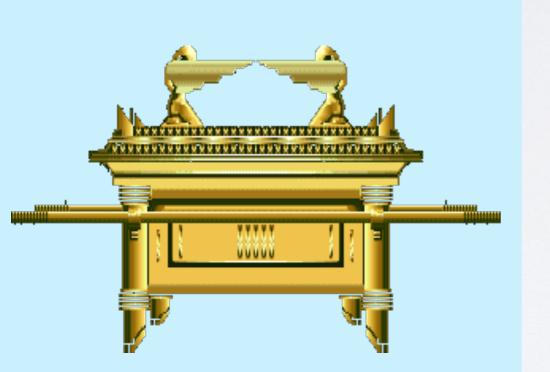
Hebrews 9:4

- God ordered the following placed inside the Ark:
  - The Tablets of the Decalogue (The Word of God) [cf Dt 10:2]
  - A jar with Manna (The Divine bread God gave from Heaven)
     [Ex 16: 33-34]
  - The staff of the High Priest of Israel. (Aaron's staff) [Nu 17:10/25]



- Crossing the River Jordan with Joshua (Jos 3: 14-16)
- Battle of Jericho (Jos 6:20) the walls of Jericho collapsed
- Captured by the Philistines

   (I Sam 4) nothing but misery for them: Their idols fell, they got hemorrhoids, plagues of mice.



## THE ARK IS HOLY



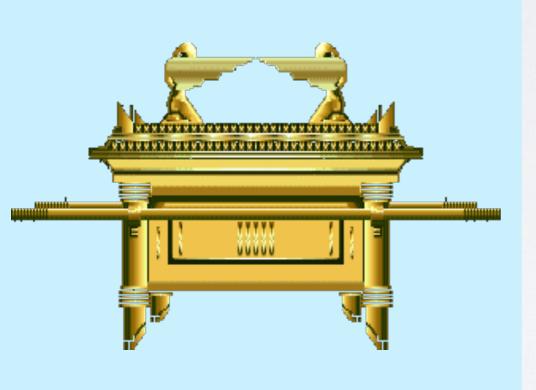
- After the Philistines returned the Ark, to the Israelite region of Bethshemish. The people offered a holocaust to the Lord, for its return.
  - Some curious Beth-shemites gazed into the Ark!
- I Sam 6:19 (NIV) But God struck down some of the inhabitants of Beth Shemesh, putting seventy of them to death because they looked into the ark of the LORD. (50,070 KJV)

## THE ARK IS HOLY

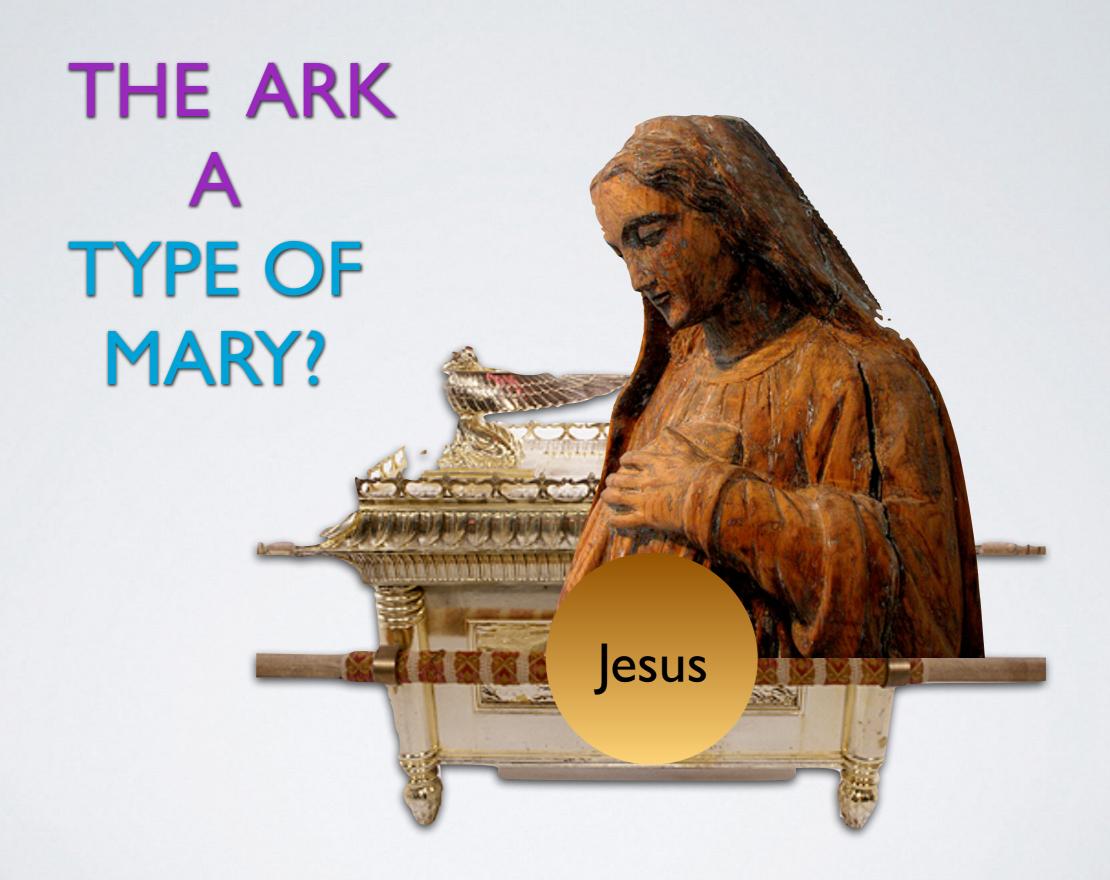


- The Ark was to be carried by priests by the poles on their shoulders. Dt 31:25 ascribes this duty to the Levites, and Numbers 3 & 4 tell us these were of the Koahathite clan.
- In I Chr I3:7 we see that King David thought it acceptable to move the Ark by an oxen pulled cart.
- Read about Uzzah I Chr 13:7-11\*

# THE ARK IS HOLY

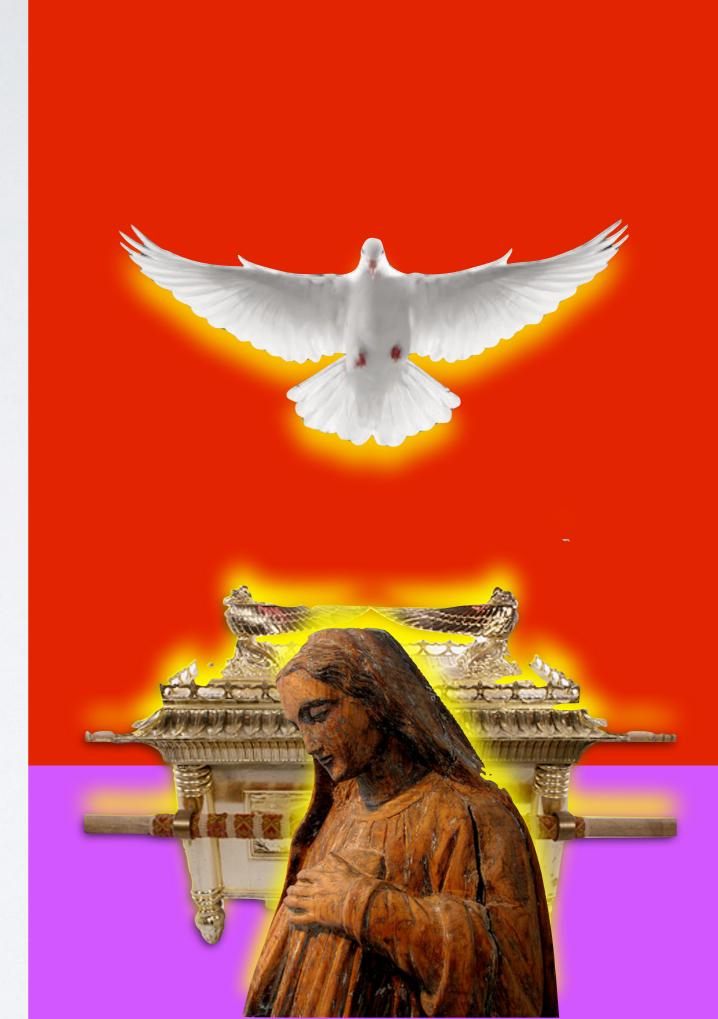


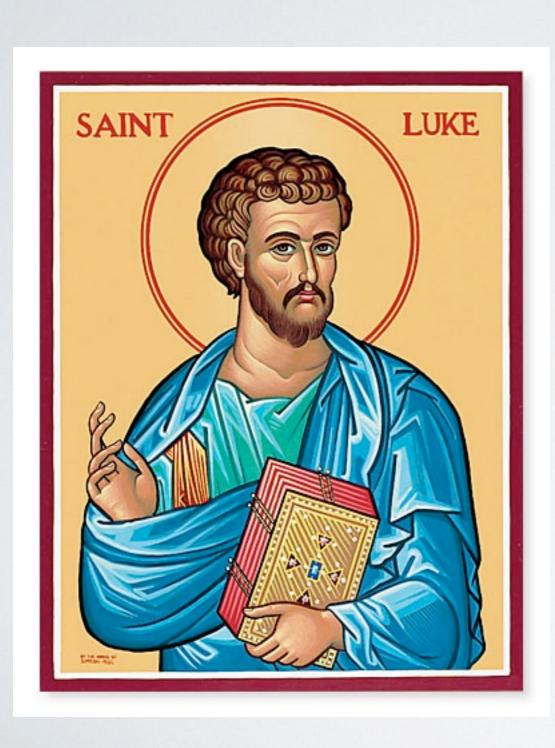
- The Ark is Holy
   Holy has two meanings:
   (according to Webster's Thesaurus)
  - Saintly, godly, pious, religious, devout, virtuous, angelic ...
  - Sacred, consecrated, hallowed, venerated, revered, blessed ...
  - Which do you think the Ark was? Holy Father? Holy Mary?



# **EPISKIAZO**

- Luke chooses the Greek word EPISKIAZO to show how the Holy Spirit will overshadow Mary. Lk 1:35
- The same word in the LXX
   of Ex 40:34 used to show
   the glory of God
   overshadowing the Ark.
  - the shekinah glory of God is the Holy Spirit.





- St Luke did more than EPISKIAZO the Blessed Virgin
- He connected the Ark and Mary in an even more <u>amazing</u> way!

St Luke's story of the Visitation (seen as the Ark going to visit Elizabeth in Judea) directly parallels the story in 2 Sam 6 of King David bringing the Ark of the Old Covenant back to Judea.

### Read 2 Sam 6

- Luke 1: 39 Mary set out in haste to travel to Judea
- 2 Sam 6: 2 Then David ... set out for ... Judah, to bring from there the ark of the Lord.

- Luke 1: 43 And how does this happen to me, that the mother of my Lord should come to me?
- 2 Sam 6: 9 David feared the Lord that day and said, "How can the ark of the Lord come to me?"

- Luke 1: 40 where she entered the House of Zechariah.
- 2 Sam 6: 10 David ... diverted the ark of the Lord ... to the House of Obededom.

- Luke 1: 47 Mary ... rejoices in God her Savior.
- 2 Sam 6: 12 David ... brings the ark of the Lord ... amid festivities.

- Luke 1: 42 (Elizabeth) ... cried out in a loud voice.
- 2 Sam 6: 15 all the Israelites were bringing up the ark of the Lord with shouts of joy and to the sound of the horn.

- Luke I: 41 When Elizabeth heard Mary's greeting, the infant in her womb lept for joy ... blessed is the fruit of your womb.
- 2 Sam 6: 16 as the Ark of the Lord was entering ... David was leaping and dancing before the Lord.

- Luke 1:56 Mary remained with her about three months and then returned to her home.
- 2 Sam 6: II The ark remained in the house of Obededom, the Gittite for three months.

# ONE MORE THING

#### Luke 1:42

- Luke 1:42 (Elizabeth) cried out in a loud voice.
  - ἀνεφώνησεν (anephōnēsen) an exhuberent cry (praise)
  - used <u>only once</u> in the NT by St Luke, to describe Elizabeth's joy at the arrival of Mary. Used <u>only five</u> times in the LXX version of the OT, to describe the **Levitical singers** and their melodic sounds related to the **Ark of the Covenant.** (cf | Chr | 15:28, | 16:4-5 and 2 Chr | 5:13)
  - anephōnēsen is <u>never</u> used apart from the Ark of the Covenant.
  - St Luke describes the melodic cry of another Levitical descendant, the aged Elizabeth (Lk 1:5). Her "cry out" is an echo to the liturgical praise previously reserved for the Ark of the Covenant.

(Note from Ignatius Study Bible)

# **IMPLICATIONS**

- Prestine wood no imperfections
- overlayed with Gold inside and outside
- Her cover is a place for God's glory to overshadow and manifest itself
- Holy created for a special purpose no unauthorized touching - no looking into.
- If the Ark prefigures Mary, then the contents of the Ark prefigure her Son.



# THREE LINKS TO THE ARK

- Lk 1:35 Luke chooses the Greek word EPISKIAZO to show how the Holy Spirit will overshadow Mary. The same word in the LXX of Ex 40:34 as how shekinah overshadowed the Ark.
- Luke 1:39-45 Visitation Narrative structured <u>like</u> 2
   Sam 6 the Narrative of David bringing the Ark to Jerusalem.
- Luke I: 42 (Elizabeth) cried out in a loud voice.
   ἀνεφώνησεν (anephōnēsen) an exhuberent cry (praise). {I Chronicles 15:28}
  - used only *once* in the NT by St Luke, to describe Elizabeth's joy at the arrival of Mary. Used only five times in the LXX version of the OT, always to describe the Levitical singers and their melodic sounds related to the Ark of the Covenant.



# MARIAN INFERENCES



 Lk 1:43 - Mary as the Mother of my Lord, is also the Mother of God.

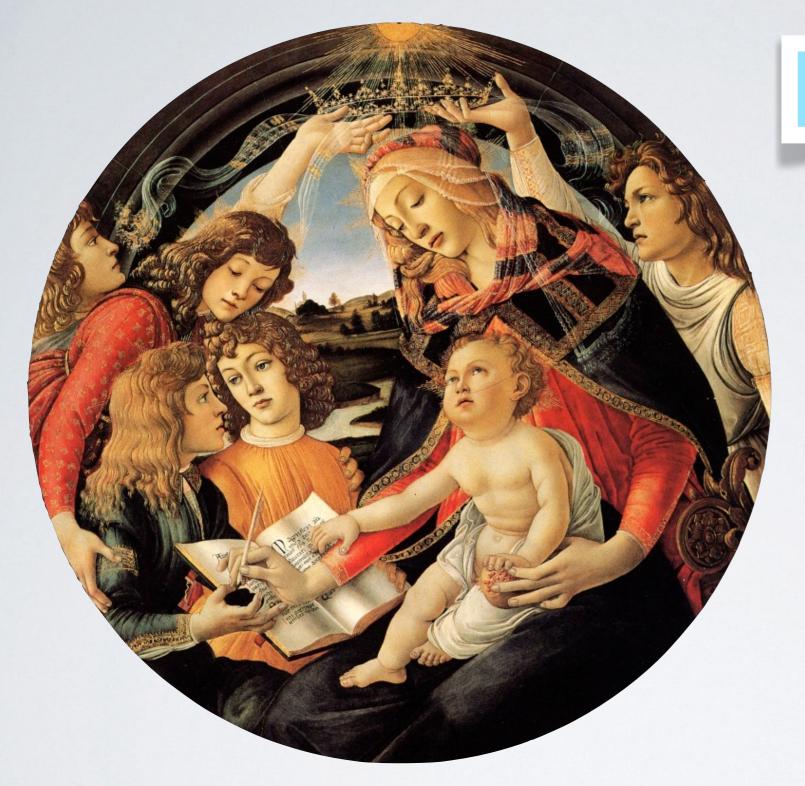
(Council of Ephesus - 43 I AD)

- Combats Nestorian Heresy and a schizophrenic Jesus.
- Flows from Kyrios Title for Jesus and the Father throughout Luke (Lk 1:32 and 38; Lk 1:43, and 45 and 46; Lk 2:11 and 2:26)
  - Affirms: Jesus is a Divine person, who is God and Man.

# MARIAN INFERENCES



- Luke 1:39-45 Mary as the Ark of the Covenant, gives us insights to her:
  - Holiness special purpose.
  - Purity and sinless condition special acadia wood with no knots or imperfections.
     (cf. Ex 25) Gen 3:15\*
  - Royal Status Gold overlay in and out. (filled with the Holy Spirit?)
  - Perpetual Virginity Uzzah and Beth-Shemites.
  - Affirms: Jesus as the Word, the Bread from Heaven, and our High Priest.



# THE MAGNIFICAT

### Read Luke 1:46-55

My soul proclaims
the greatness of the
Lord; my spirit
rejoices in God
my savior

• • •

behold, from now on all ages (genea) will call me blessed.

The Almighty has done great things for me, and holy is his name.



Compare the
Canticle of the BVM
Luke 1:46-55 with the
Canticle of Hanna
found in 1 Sam 2:1-10

- Both proclaimed their joy, understanding the dedication of their children to the Lord.
- Samuel great prophet transition from revelation by priest and ephod to prophets.
- Jesus the messiah transition from revelation by prophets to a divine son.



Compare the
Canticle of the BVM
Luke 1:46-55 with the
Canticle of Hanna
found in 1 Sam 2:1-10

Recall:

Hannah - means 'favored' or "graced"



THE MAGNIFICAT

Luke 1:46-55

All generations will call her blessed, because her son is a Son of David - a King of Israel.

As His mother, she <u>is</u> a **Gebirah**, a Queen.



# THE DAVIDIC KINGDOM

# THE VIZIER

The office of the Royal Steward



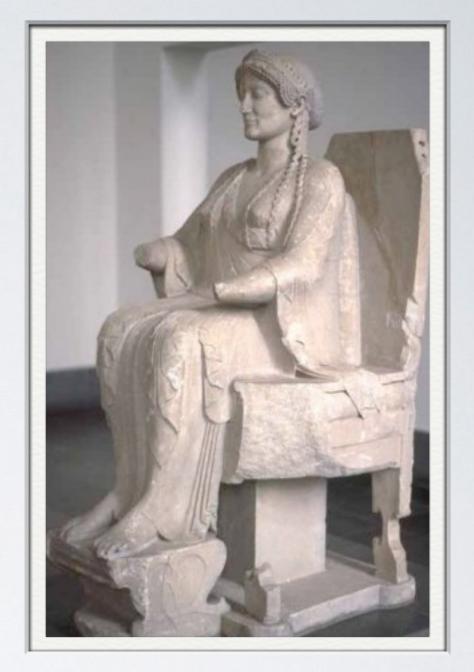
# THE GEBIRAH

The Office of Queen Mother



## THE GEBIRAH

- In the Western Monarchy system a King has a Queen.
   She is the Wife of the King.
- In the Davidic Monarchy system the King also has a Queen. She is the Mother of the King.



#### **MAACAH II**

Wife of Rehoboam

Mother of Abijah of Judah

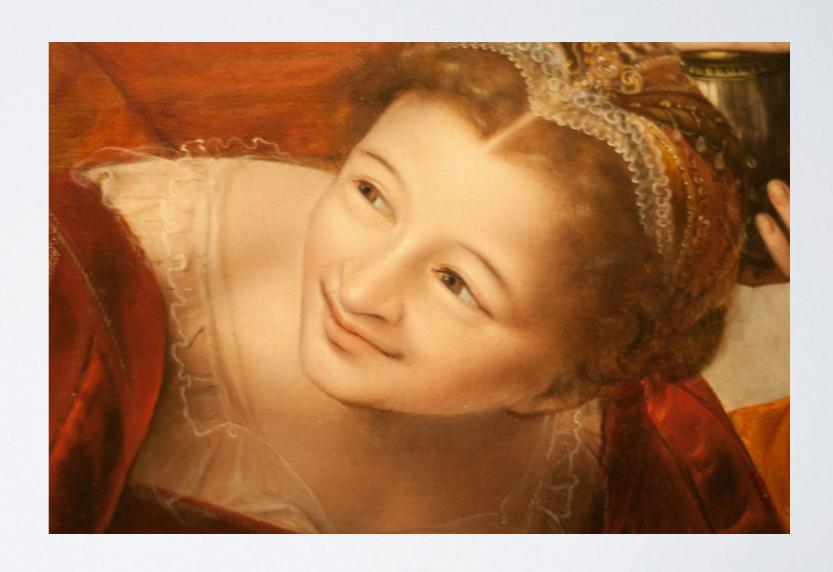
Grandmother of Asa of Judah

# THE GEBIRAH

- In the Davidic Kingdom, the Queen Mother has two important relationships:
  - She was the <u>spouse</u> of the Father- the prior King
  - She is the mother of the son- who is the King
- The legitimacy of the Davidic King flowed from the Gebirah's relationship to both. Continuity of the line was paramount and thus assured by the Gebirah.

## BATHSHEBA

- As a wife of King David, Bathsheba bowed to David. (1 Ki 1:16)
- As the mother of King Solomon, the king paid her homage. (1 Ki 2:19).



### THE FIRST GEBIRAH

- (I Kings 2:13). Adonijah, son of Haggith, went to Bathsheba, the mother of Solomon. "Do you come as a friend?" she asked. "Yes," he answered, and added, "I have something to say to you." She replied, "Say it."
- · ... "But now there is one favor I would ask of you.
  - · Do not refuse me." And she said, "Speak on."
- He said, "Please ask King Solomon, who will not refuse you, to give me Abishag the Shunamite for my wife."

### THE FIRST GEBIRAH

- "Very well," replied Bathsheba, "I will speak to the king for you."
- Then Bathsheba went to King Solomon to speak to him for Adonijah, and the king stood up to meet her and paid her homage.
- Then he sat down upon his throne, and a throne was provided for the king's mother, who sat at his right.

## THE FIRST GEBIRAH



- "There is one small favor I would ask of you," she said. "Do not refuse me."
- "Ask it, my mother," the king said to her,
  "for I will not refuse you."
  (I Ki 2: 12-21)
  - The Queen Mother historically served as an intercessor for the people.

# LEGITIMACY

- Look at how Scripture describes the legitimacy of each Davidic King:
  - 2 Kings: 18:2 at 21:1; 21:19; 22:1; 23:31; 23:36 to name just a few leading to 2 Kings 24:8 Jehoiachin the "last" Davidic king
    - verse 24:15 describes the deportation to Babylon ...

## LEGITIMACY

- 2 Ki 18:2 (Ahaz) was twenty-five years old when he became king, and he reigned twenty-nine years in Jerusalem. His mother's name was Abi, daughter of Zechariah.
- 2 Ki 21:1 Manasseh was twelve years old when he began to reign, and he reigned fifty-five years in Jerusalem. His mother's name was Hephzibah.
- 2 Ki 21:19 Amon was twenty-two years old when he began to reign, and he reigned two years in Jerusalem. His mother's name was Meshullemeth, daughter of Haruz of Jotbah.

## LEGITIMACY

- 2 Ki 24:8 Jehoiachin was eighteen years old when he began to reign, and he reigned three months in Jerusalem. His mother's name was Nehushta,
- 2 Ki 24:15 (Nebuchadnezzar) deported Jehoiachin to Babylon, and also led captive from Jerusalem to Babylon the king's mother and wives, his functionaries, and the chief men of the land.

# THE GEBIRAH

English (KJV)	Strong's	Root Form (Hebrew)	
Say	н <b>559</b>	ממר 'amar	0(1)
unto the king	HR. H4428	מלך melek	0(3)
and to the queen,	HR. H1377	גבירה gĕbiyrah	0(1)
Humble	н8213	shaphel שפל	0(1)
yourselves, sit down:	HR. H3427	ישב yashab	0(1)
for your principalities	HR. H4761	mar'ashah	0(1)
shall come down,	HR. H3381	ירד yarad	0(1)
[even] the crown	HR. H5850	מטרה `atarah	0(1)
of your glory.	HR. H8597	tiph'arah	0(1)

God

down

ls the s the

judgment of God.

# JEWISH HISTORY

- It was a feature of the Davidic Kingdom, which Jews acknowledge even today, that those who, for some reason, felt that they could not approach the King directly did seek the intercession of the Queen Mother ...
  - for as Scripture records, the King could not refuse a request from his Mother.
- The importance of a Mother's intercession is alive today in modern Jewish faith.

# A MOTHER'S PRAYER



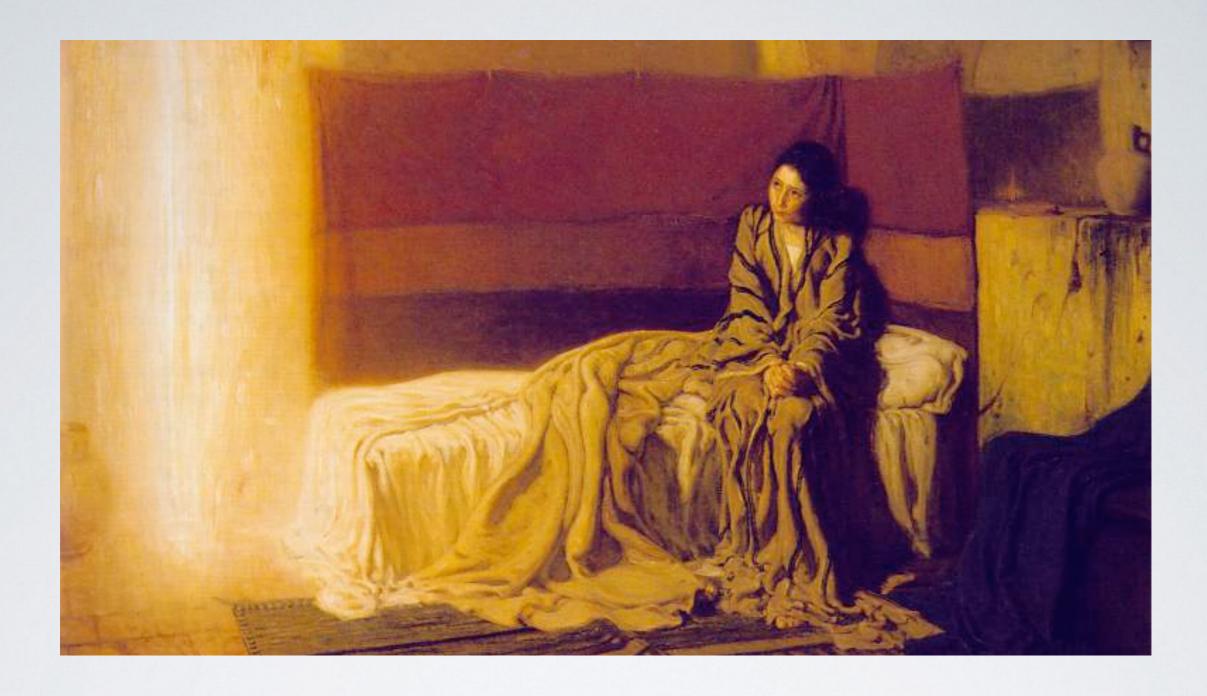
- If a modern Jewish person is sick, and a rabbi is asked to pray for the sick individual, he will seek to know the Hebrew name of the sick person's mother.
  - ... to pray for a person, and mentioning to G-d the memory or name of the person's mother
     -increases the merit of the prayer and G-d is more merciful in hearing the request!

(cf. The Crucified Rabbi, by Taylor Marshall. At p.6)

# JESUS - SON OF DAVID



- If Jesus was a true Son of David who would be a King he would sit on
  the throne of his father David ...
- ... a first century Jew would look for certain incidents of a true Davidic King.
  - In addition to a Vizier and ministers
    - he would look for a
       Gebirah a Queen Mother.



# THE ANNUNCIATION REVISITED

- In the sixth month, the angel Gabriel was sent from God to a town of Galilee called Nazareth, to a virgin betrothed to a man named Joseph, of the house of David, and the virgin's name was Mary.
- And coming to her, he said, "Chairo Kecharitomene. The Lord is with you." But she was greatly troubled at what was said and pondered what sort of greeting this might be.
- Then the angel said to her, "Do not be afraid, Mary, for you have found favor with God.

- Behold, you will conceive in your womb and bear a son, and you shall name him Jesus.
- He will be great and will be called Son of the Most High, and the Lord God will give him the throne of David his father, and he will rule over the house of Jacob forever, and of his kingdom there will be no end."

- But Mary said to the angel, "How can this be, since I have no relations with a man?"
- And the angel said to her in reply, "The holy Spirit will come upon you, and the power of the Most High will overshadow you. Therefore the child to be born will be called holy, the Son of God.

- And behold, Elizabeth, your relative, has also conceived a son in her old age, and this is the sixth month for her who was called barren;
- for nothing will be impossible for God."
- Mary said, "Behold, I am the handmaid of the Lord.

  May it be done to me according to your word."

  Then the angel departed from her.

- Jesus, son of David, would sit on the throne of his father David.
  - As a Davidic King, his mother would be His Gebirah.
- Mary grasps this, for in the Magnificat she declares:
   "For behold, from now on all generations will call me blessed." (Lk 1:46-55).

How long will Jesus sit on the seat of his father David?

How long will Mary be the Gebirah?



At Cana during a
 marriage feast,
 we see the
 confidence of a
 Gebirah.

- Mary tells Jesus they have no wine
- Jesus says: "My hour has not yet come."
- Mary tells the wine steward
   "Do whatever He tells you."
- Jesus does not refuse her and performs his first sign. (Jn 2:1-11)



# REVELATION

chapter 12





- In the Book of Revelation John records a *celestial vision* of the <u>same person</u> he took to his home after the crucifixion Mary the mother of Our Lord. Rev 12:1-17).
- He sees a Gebirah a woman clothed with the sun, with the moon under her feet, and on her head a <u>crown</u> of twelve stars. She was with child...



- We learn that child is to be Jesus. Why?
- Because He is destined to be a <u>King</u> who will rule with an iron rod. (Rev 12:5 - cf. Ps 2:9\*)

- A theologically spiritual war is portrayed in Rev 12.
- The huge dragon, the ancient serpent, who is called the Devil and Satan was thrown to earth (v. 9) ... pursues "the woman" who had given birth to the male child. (v. 13).
- The dragon can not overcome the woman (v. 14-16).



- The dragon goes after the woman Why? (Rev 12:4-5). Think like you are the head of a Cartel
- For a theological answer we remember Gen 3:15:

After the fall of Adam and Eve, God says to Satan:

"I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your seed and her seed; He will strike at your head, while you strike at his heel."

- Rev 12:17: the war continues .....

  "Then the dragon became angry with the woman and went off to wage war against ... the rest of her offspring, those who keep God's commandments and bear witness to Jesus."
  - Since WE are those who keep God's commandments and bear witness to Jesus.



Mary, the mother of the Messiah - the bible states, is also OUR Spiritual Mother.

### One MORE thing:

• Before John tells us that he sees Mary giving birth to Jesus, what is the vision that he connects with the Gebirah?





# BIRTH OF JOHN

Circumcision in the Temple



### BIRTH & CIRCUMCISION

### Read Lk 1: 57-66

- The Lord had shown mercy.
- Circumcision on the 8th day
  - even if on a sabbath no exceptions
  - Covenant Son of Abraham

- Hb: Yohanan
   root Yah + Hanna which
   is: graced by Yahweh
- Marvels explanation
  - tongue loosed
  - fear and wonder

### BIRTH & CIRCUMCISION

- St John was circumcised on the 8th day according to the command of God contained in Gen 17: 10-14.
  - Circumcision includes the rite of naming the child, prayers for the child, and marking the child with the sign.
  - Circumcision was a pre-requisite to eating the Passover.
  - Acts 15: 1-29 contains the record of the Early Church dispensing of the circumcision requirement.



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"What did the Fathers do except seek and present the clear and open testimonies of Scripture?" - Martin Luther, Against Latomus (1521)

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### Council of Carthage (AD 253)

#### **Back to Councils and Creeds**

#### **Key Facts:**

Date	253
Location	Carthage
Number of Participants	18/66
Purpose	To criticize bishop Terapius of Bulla for admitting the priest Victor to communion before he gave proper penance.
Key Events	The council did not annul Terapius' acceptance into communion once again; baptisms were approved prior to the eighth day; Pope Lucius was congratulated on his return from exile.

#### **Surviving Documents:**

**Epistle** (Cyprian of Carthage)

Bibliography

Munier, Ch. "Carthage" in The Encyclopedia of the Early Church (New York: Oxford University Press,

Read Lk 1: 67-80

- Then... filled with the Holy Spirit, prophesied ...
  - now Zechariah, the priest, is filled -and is given the gift of prophecy at the time of his son's birth!
    - Elizabeth at the visitation
    - John from the womb
    - Mary episkiazo by the Holy Spirit, ...
       has been graced

- Two parts can be discerned in the Benedictus:
  - in the first (vv. 68–75) Zechariah thanks God for sending the Messiah, the Savior, as He promised the patriarchs and prophets of Israel.
  - In the second (vv. 76–79) Zechariah prophesies that his son will have the mission of being herald of the Most High and precursor of the Messiah, proclaiming God's mercy which reveals itself in the coming of Christ.

    Navarre Study Bible

 Baruch atah Adonai, Elohainu Melech Haolam (king of the Universe)

... (slight change) ... Yisrael

Blessed are you, Lord God of all creation for through your • ... who brings goodness we have this bread to offer. Fruit of the earth and work of human hands, it will become for us the bread of life.

· Baruch atah, Adonai, Eloheinu, Melech haolam, hamotzi lechem min haaretz.

• ... creator of

Blessed are you, Lord God of all creation for through your goodness we have this wine to offer. Fruit of the vine and work of human hands, it will become our spiritual drink.

 Baruch atah, Adonai Eloheinu, Melech haolam, borei p'riy hagafen.

- Strong belief the Canticle was originally recorded in Hebrew.
  - · after all it was recited by a Priest in Judea
- v.69 Horn for our salvation within the house of David
  - Psalm | 32: | | | 8\*

### Remember that names matter

- v.72 To perform the mercy promised to our fathers and to remember his Holy Covenant ...
  - Zekhar yah, Eli shevah
    - The Lord Remembers, God's Oath or Covenant
      - Zechariah, Elisabeth

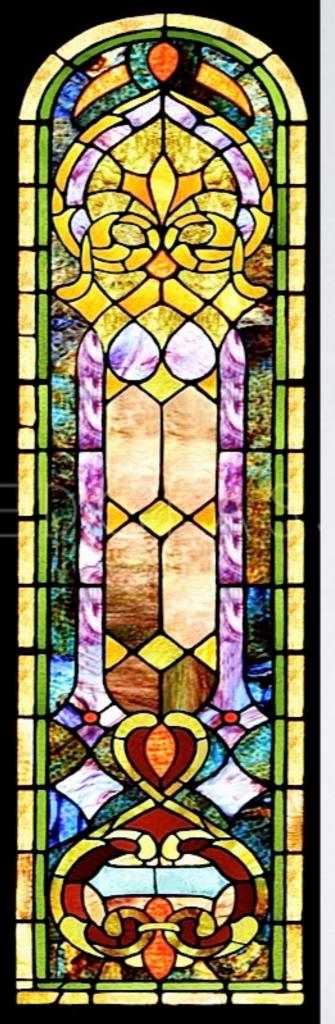
- v.76 prophet of the Most High ...
  - John's vocation is closely linked to Jesus, yet their titles distinguish them: John is the prophet of the Most High, whereas Jesus is the Son of the Most High. (Lk 1:32)

    Ignatius Study Bible note

Read verses 76-79 and ponder it for yourself as a baptized Christian. Is this your call as well?

- What is the literal sense in Luke? What did the author intend to communicate, and to whom?
- Now for Spiritual Senses:
  - Allegorical Is there an allegorical sense, where this is also speaking of you as a "son?" cf I Ptr 2:9
  - Moral sense Does this dictate how I should act?

- v.80 The child grew and became strong in spirit, and he was in the desert (wilderness) until the day of his manifestation to Israel.
  - "Wilderness" this must surely refer to the "Judean wilderness" which stretches from the northwestern shores of the Dead Sea to the hill country of Judea. It is not a sand desert but rather a barren steppe with bushes and basic vegetation which suit bees and grasshoppers or wild locusts. It contains many caves which can provide shelter.
     Navarre Study Bible



# THE GOSPELS

A Biblical Scholarly Study

